Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

			2 of 1968, as		d P.A. 71 of 1919	, as amended				
Loca	l Unit	of Gov	ernment Typ	е			Local Unit Nan			County
	ount		⊠ City	□Twp	□Village	Other	CITY OF E			VAN BUREN
	al Year 80/20				Opinion Date 12/15/200	6		Date Audit Report Submitted 12/29/2006	to State	
We a	ıffirm	that		~-	<u></u>		P.111	_p I		
We a	re ce	ertifie	d public ad	ccountants	s licensed to p	ractice in N	Aichigan.			•
We f	urthe	r affi	rm the follo	owing mat	erial, "no" resp	onses hav	e been disclo	sed in the financial stateme	nts, inclu	ding the notes, or in the
Mana	agem	ent l	Letter (rep	ort of com	ments and red	commendat	tions).			
	YES	8	Check ea	ach applic	able box bel	ow. (See ir	nstructions for	further detail.)		
1.	X				nent units/fundes to the finan				ncial state	ements and/or disclosed in the
2.		×						init's unreserved fund balar budget for expenditures.	nces/unre	stricted net assets
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	orm Chart of A	Accounts issued by the Dep	artment o	of Treasury.
4.	X		The local	unit has a	adopted a bud	get for all r	equired funds			
5.	X		A public l	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	accordance w	ith State statute.		•
6.	×				not violated the ssued by the			an order issued under the Division.	Emergen	cy Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	X		The local	unit has r	not been delin	quent in dis	stributing tax r	evenues that were collected	d for anot	ther taxing unit.
8.	X		The local	unit only	holds deposits	s/investmer	nts that compl	y with statutory requiremen	ts.	
9.	×							that came to our attention ed (see Appendix H of Bull		d in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	X		that have	not been	previously co	mmunicate	d to the Local			turing the course of our audit If there is such activity that h
11.	X		The local	unit is fre	e of repeated	comments	from previous	s years.		
12.	X		The audi	t opinion is	UNQUALIFI	ED.				
13.	X				complied with		or GASB 34 as	s modified by MCGAA State	ement #7	and other generally
14.	X		The boar	d or cound	cil approves a	ll invoices p	orior to payme	nt as required by charter or	statute.	
15.	×		To our kr	nowledge,	bank reconcil	iations that	were reviewe	ed were performed timely.		
incl des	uded cripti	l in t ion(s	his or any) of the au	other aud thority and	dit report, noi I/or commissio	do they on.	obtain a stand			the audited entity and is not ame(s), address(es), and a
			closed the			Enclosed		ed (enter a brief justification)		
			tements		<u>a.</u>		2 Hot require	co (circi a bilot jacanoadori)		
The	e lette	er of	Comments	s and Rec	ommendation	s	NO MATT	ERS TO COMMUNICATE		
Oth	er (D	escrib	e) SINGL	E AUDIT	REPORT	\boxtimes				
Cert	ified P	ublic .	Accountant (F	Firm Name)	***************************************			Telephone Number		
Si	egfri	ed C	Crandall, F	PC				269-381-4970		
I - "	et Add		(ilgore Ro	ad				City KALAMAZOO	State MI	Zip 49002
			Signature	1	/	P	rinted Name		License N	
		A >	Just	10M	<u>L</u>		JAMES C. B	AKER, CPA	11010)10743

City of Bangor
Van Buren County, Michigan
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

CONTENTS

	Page
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	i - viii
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	3 - 4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide financial statements: Statement of net assets Statement of activities	5 6
Fund financial statements: Balance sheet - governmental funds Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds Statement of net assets - proprietary funds Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets - proprietary funds Statement of cash flows - proprietary funds Statement of fiduciary net assets - Agency Fund	7 8 - 9 10 - 11 12 13 - 14 15
Notes to financial statements	16 - 28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budgetary comparison schedule: General Fund Major Street Fund	29 - 30 31
Analysis of funding progress - Employee Retirement System	32
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Combining balance sheet - other governmental funds Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - other governmental funds	33 34
SUPPLEMENTARY DATA Schedule of debt retirement and annual interest requirements	35 - 38
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	39
EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Schedule of expenditures of federal awards Schedule of findings and questioned costs	40 41
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133	42 - 43

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Bangor, Michigan's (the City), financial performance provides a narrative overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net assets increased by \$903,484 (17.3 percent) as a result of this year's activities.
 Net assets of the governmental and business-type activities increased by \$211,740 and \$691,744, respectively.
- The increase in the net assets of the business-type activities was primarily due to a \$680,901 federal capital grant used to partially finance a sewer system upgrade and expansion project.
- The General Fund's unreserved, undesignated fund balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$332,893, which represents 39.2 percent of the actual total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year.

Overview of the financial statements

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of four parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for other governmental funds and additional information regarding debt service requirements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.
 - Governmental fund statements tell how general government services, like public safety, were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like a business, such as the sewer and water systems.
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which
 the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the
 resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the City's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets (the difference between the City's assets and liabilities) are one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such
 as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, library, and general government. Property taxes and state grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's sewer and water systems are reported here.
- Component units The City includes two other entities in its report the Downtown Development Authority and the Economic Development Corporation. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond agreements.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like library maintenance) or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and other revenues (like property taxes collected for police, fire operations, senior services and hospital authorities, and state grants collected for the street funds).

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship between them.

Proprietary funds - Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.

 In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its businesstype activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses an internal service fund (the other type of proprietary fund) to report activities that
provide services for the City's other programs and activities. The City's internal service fund
consists of a Motor Pool Equipment Fund.

Fiduciary funds - These funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of resources, primarily taxes, for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

Net assets. The City's combined net assets increased by 17.3 percent between June 30, 2005 and 2006. In comparison, last year nets assets increased by 69 percent. Looking at the net assets and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, however, two very different stories emerge. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (table 1) and changes in net assets (table 2) for the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1 - Net assets

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	То	tals
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 528,039 1,088,399	\$ 674,531 796,054	\$ 300,790 6,811,773	\$ 796,455 6,076,511	\$ 828,829 7,900,172	\$ 1,470,986 6,872,565
Total assets	1,616,438	1,470,584	7,112,563	6,872,966	8,729,001	8,343,551
Long-term debt Other liabilities	184,379 60,026	226,601 83,691	2,305,842 41,788	2,363,059 436,718	2,490,221 101,814	2,589,660 520,409
Total liabilities	244,405	310,292	2,347,630	2,799,777	2,592,035	3,110,069
Net assets: Invested in capital						
assets, net	904,020	569,453	4,505,931	3,713,452	5,409,951	4,282,905
Restricted	112,187	136,519	-	-	112,187	136,519
Unrestricted	355,826	454,321	259,002	359,737	614,828	814,058
Total net	\$ 1,372,033	\$ 1,160,293	\$ 4,764,933	\$ 4,073,189	\$ 6,136,966	\$ 5,233,482
230000		. ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+ ,=,=,+	+ 1,.00,000	7 0,200,702

Net assets of the City's governmental activities increased by \$211,740 (18.2 percent) to \$1,372,033. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, without constraints by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - decreased by \$98,495 (21.7 percent) to \$355,826.

Net assets of our business-type activities increased by \$691,744 (17.0 percent) to \$4,764,933. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints by debt covenants enabling legislation or other legal requirements, decreased by \$100,735 (28.0 percent) to \$259,002.

Table 2 - Change in net assets

	Governmen 2006	tal activities 2005	Business-i	type activities 2005	70 2006	otals 2005
Program revenues:					2000	2005
Federal grants	\$ 151,903	\$ 6,636	\$ 680,901	\$ 2,119,149	\$ 832,804	\$ 2,125,785
State grants	244,281	200,229	Ψ 000,501 -	φ 2,119,149	\$ 032,604 244,281	•
Local unit grants	24,606	19,580	_	-	24,606	200,229
Charges for services	109,276	102,038	564,241	570,578	•	19,580
Charges for services	103,210	102,030	304,241	570,576	673,517	672,616
General revenues:						
Property taxes	552,869	529,570	-	-	552,869	529,570
State grants	274,085	276,577	-	-	274,085	276,577
Interest	15,476	8,252	6,298	5,626	21,774	13,878
Franchise fees	27,934	<u>13,247</u>	<u> </u>	_	27,934	13,247
Total revenues	1,400,430	1,156,129	1,251,440	2,695,353	2,651,870	3,851,482
Expenses:						
Public safety	483,645	440,322	-		483,645	440,322
Public works	376,338	390,375	-	-	376,338	390,375
Water	· -	- ·	305,948	319,832	305,948	319,832
Sewer	-	-	288,748	267,797	288,748	267,797
General government	227,291	220,248		_	227,291	220,248
Recreation and culture	30,150	34,552	•		30,150	34,552
Health and welfare	14,435	13,704	-	_	14,435	13,704
Interest on debt	12,490	15,992	-	_	12,490	15,992
Legislative	9,341	8,862		-	9,341	8,862
Total expenses	1,153,690	1,124,055	594,696	587,629	1,748,386	<u>1,711,684</u>
Excess before transfers	246,740	32,074	656,744	2,107,724	903,484	2,139,798
Transfers	(35,000)		35,000			
Increase in net assets	\$ 211,740	\$ 32,074	\$ 691,744	\$ 2,107,724	\$ 903,484	\$ 2,139,798

Changes in net assets. The City's total revenues for 2006 were \$2,651,870 (34.4 percent decrease). The total cost of all programs and services was \$1,748,386 (6.7 percent increase), with no new programs added this year.

When you factor out the effect of capital grants (\$860,540) on total revenues, it becomes clear that all other revenues increased by only \$58,996, or 3.4 percent between 2005 and 2006. Charges for services represented 37.6 percent of the remaining revenues (27.0 percent in 2005) and property taxes and grants (both program and general) accounted for 30.9 and 22.1 percent, respectively (30.6 and 27.5 percent, respectively in 2005).

The provision of public safety and public works represented 49.2 percent in 2006 (48.5 percent in 2005), and water and sewer utility services represented 34.0 percent (34.3 percent in 2005) of all costs.

While the City reports unrestricted net assets under both governmental and business-type activities, the unrestricted net assets of the business-type activities cannot be used to make up any net asset deficit in governmental activities. Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental activities. Total revenues increased \$244,301 (21.1 percent), while total expenses increased \$29,635 (2.6 percent). Revenue increased in all categories, with the largest increases occurring in federal grants (\$145,267, including \$137,617 of capital grants), state grants (\$41,560, or 8.0 percent, including \$42,022 of capital grants) and property taxes (\$23,299, or 4.4 percent). Expenses increased in most categories, with the largest increase occurring in public safety (\$43,323, or 9.8 percent). This increase is the result of higher personnel costs.

Table 3 - Governmental activities

		Total cost	of s	ervices 2005	Net cost o	f services 2005
Public safety Public works General government Other	\$	483,645 376,338 227,291 66,416	\$	440,322 390,375 220,248 73,110	\$ (413,785) 25,783 (215,993) (19,632)	\$ (375,907) (155,096) (191,561) (73,008)
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,153,690	\$1	I <u>,124,055</u>	<u>\$ (623,627)</u>	<u>\$ (795,572</u>)

Table 3 shows the costs of the City's three largest programs, as well as the net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost shows the burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

The total cost of all governmental activities was \$1,153,690 compared to \$1,124,055 last year. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through general revenues was \$623,627 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$109,276) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$420,787). The City paid for the \$623,627 "public benefit" portion with \$552,869 in taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other revenues, such as state shared revenue and interest income.

Business-type activities. Revenues of the City's business-type activities decreased by \$1,443,914 (53.6 percent) to \$1,251,440 and expenses increased \$7,067 (1.2 percent) to \$594,696. The key factor for the decrease in revenue was the decrease of \$1,438,248 in federal capital grants.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. As of June 30, 2006, its governmental funds (as presented on page 7) reported a combined fund balance of \$445,092, a decrease of \$116,192 from last year's balance. The General Fund experienced the largest decrease (\$91,968) primarily due to transfers to the Major Street, Local Street and Sewer Funds in the amount of \$124,000. In addition, these other changes in fund balances should be noted:

- The fund balance of the General Fund otherwise increased by \$33,132 reflecting spending that lagged slightly behind revenues of the current period.
- Special revenue Major Street Fund funds increased by \$29,171 reflecting spending that lagged behind revenues and transfers in.
- Special revenue Local Street Fund funds decreased by \$59,673 primarily due to intentional use of carryover monies to fund current road maintenance projects not financed by current year revenues and transfers in.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance was \$332,893, which represents 39.2 percent of the actual total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year. The fund balance of the General Fund represents 74.8 percent of the combined ending fund balances of the governmental funds.

General Fund budgetary highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget for expenditures was an increase of \$137,041, primarily due to expected increases in public safety, recreation and culture, and capital outlay expenditures. Actual total expenditures exceeded the final total budget by only \$5,952.

Capital assets and debt administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, amounted to \$7,929,390 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes a broad range of assets including land, equipment, buildings, roads, and sewer and water facilities.

	Government	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	To	tals
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Infrastructure Buildings and	\$ 427,591	\$ 219,885	\$ 6,719,442	\$ 1,227,257	\$ 7,147,033	\$ 1,447,142
improvements	531,389	459,379	-	-	531,389	459,379
Equipment	101,077	88,448	31,404	33,269	132,481	121,717
Construction in progress	-	-	-	4,755,058	-	4,755,058
Land	28,342	28,342	60,927	60,927	89,269	89,269
Total	\$ 1,088,399	\$ 796,054	\$ 6,811,773	\$ 6,076,511	\$ 7,900,172	\$ 6,872,565

The increase in the City's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,027,607 or 15 percent. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Wastewater collection and treatment facility improvement project, financed with grants and bonds from the U.S. Department of Agriculture - \$774,185.
- Arlington Road improvements \$184,186, financed with federal grants and local monies
- Other road improvements \$47,002, financed with state grants
- Railroad depot improvements, financed with state grants and local monies \$42,022.
- New police vehicle \$22,160, financed with available resources of the internal service fund.

The wastewater project was completed during the fiscal year.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the basic financial statements.

Debt administration

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total long-term bonds and notes outstanding in the amount of \$2,490,221, which represents a decrease of \$99,439 (3.8 percent). No new debt was issued this year. All debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the City can issue to 10 percent of its total state equalized assessed value of property. The City's total general obligation debt (\$246,221) is significantly lower than the current state-imposed limit of \$3,337,410.

Table 5 - Outstanding debt at year-end

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Totals			
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005		
General obligation debt (backed by the City) Revenue bonds (backed	\$ 184,379	\$226,601	\$ 61,842	\$ 97,059	\$ 246,221	\$ 323,660		
by specific fees)			2,244,000	2,266,000	2,244,000	2,266,000		
Total	<u>\$ 184,379</u>	\$ 226,601	\$ 2,305,842	\$ 2,363,059	\$ 2,490,221	\$ 2,589,660		

Other long-term debt obligations totaling \$8,131 represent accrued compensated absences.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 of the basic financial statements.

Economic condition and outlook

The City's General Fund budget for the next year projects little increase in spending, and anticipates that total revenues will exceed total expenditures by about 5 percent. A stagnant economy and no substantial revenue increase require that the City hold the line with conservative expenditure trends.

The City's enterprise operations will benefit from the issuance of the revenue bonds that will be used to upgrade the City's aging utility infrastructure. In September 2006, the City refinanced the 4.375% 2004 revenue bonds with bonds bearing a fixed rate of 1.625%. The new bonds mature in 2026, which is 18 years earlier than the old debt, and will require annually, about \$10,000 more in total debt service payments. Rates are currently tied to bonding requirements. After completion of the planned infrastructure improvements, the City intends to further review enterprise operations and facilities to determine the need for future improvements and the cost of replacement.

Contacting the City's financial management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. Questions regarding any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Peter Stanislawski, Treasurer/Finance Director City of Bangor 257 West Monroe Street Bangor, MI 49013 Phone: (269) 427-5831 E-mail: stanisla@btc-bci.com



Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

246 E. Kilgore Road Kalamazoo, MI 49002-5599 www.siegfriedcrandall.com

Telephone 269-381-4970 800-876-0979 Fax 269-349-1344

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bangor, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely-presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bangor, Michigan, as of June 30, 2006, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City of Bangor, Michigan's financial statements, as listed in the contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Bangor, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely-presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bangor, Michigan, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of funding progress of the employee retirement system, as listed in the contents, are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bangor, Michigan Page 2

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bangor, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information and supplementary data, as listed in the contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information and data, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2006, on our consideration of the City of Bangor, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Sigfied Crueste A.C.

December 15, 2006

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Pri	mary	/ governmer	it	
	Governmental activities		Business-type activities		<u>Totals</u>	
ASSETS						
Current assets:			_			
Cash		3,949	\$	152,095	\$	556,044
Receivables, net Interfund balances		3,971		72,866		206,837
interiorio balances	(8	9,881)		9,881	_	
Total current assets	528	3,039		234,842		762,881
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	28	3,342		60,927		89,269
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,060	0,057		6,750,846		7,810,903
Deferred charges		-		65,948		65,948
Total noncurrent assets	1,088	3,39 <u>9</u>		6,877,721		7,966,120
Total assets	1,616	3,438		7,112,563		8,729,001
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Payables	ς.	1,895	£	35,031		86,926
Customer deposits	J	-		6,757		6,757
Current portion of long-term obligations	42	2,312		58,294		100,606
Total current liabilities	94	4,207		100,082		194,289
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long-term obligations	150	0,198		2,247,548	_	2,397,746
Total liabilities	244	4,40 <u>5</u>		2,347,630		2,592,035
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted:	904	4,020		4,505,931		5,409,951
Public safety	12	2,269		_		12,269
Public works		3,801		-		58,801
Recreation and culture	14	4,156		-		14,156
Debt services	26	3,961		-		26,961
Unrestricted	355	5,826		259,002		614,828
Total net assets	\$ 1,372	2,033	\$	4,764,933	\$	6,136,966

	C	ompo	nent units		
Deve	wntown elopment uthority	Ed Dev	conomic elopment rporation		Totals
\$	7,186 - -	\$	217 221 -	\$	7,403 221 -
	7,186		438		7,624
	- 64,088 -		- - -		- 64,088 -
	64,088			_	64,088
	71,274		438		71,712
	667		-		667
	13,486		<u>-</u>		13,486
	14,153		-		14,153
	21,805		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		21,805
	35,958				35,958
	28,797		-		28,797
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	6,519		438		6,9 <u>57</u>
\$	35,316	<u>\$</u>	438	<u>\$</u>	35,754

		Program revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions			
Primary government Governmental activities:							
Legislative	\$ 9,341	\$ -	Φ.	Φ			
General government	φ 9,341 227,291	ν - 11,298	\$ -	\$ -			
Public safety	483,645	•	20.202	-			
Public works	376,338	30,557	39,303	407.047			
Health and welfare		67,421	197,083	137,617			
Recreation and culture	14,435	-	4.700	40.000			
Interest on long-term debt	30,150 12,490	-	4,762	42,022			
interest of long-term debt	12,490	-	- _				
Total governmental activities	1,153,690	109,276	241,148	179,639			
Business-type activities:							
Sewer	288,748	308,318	<u>-</u>	680,901			
Water	305,948	255,923		~			

Total business-type activities	594,696	564,241	<u> </u>	680,901			
Total primary government	\$ 1,748,386	\$ 673,517	\$ 241,148	\$ 860,540			
Component units							
Public works	\$ 59,394	\$ 4,503	\$ -	\$ -			
Interest on long-term debt	2,392		-	<u> </u>			
Tatal same an anti-us?	A 04 = 22	4					
Total component units	<u>\$ 61,786</u>	<u>\$ 4,503</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>			

General revenues:

Taxes

Franchise fees

State grants

Investment return

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Net (expense) revenue and changes :	in net assets
-------------------------------------	---------------

	Pr	ima	ry governme	nt			Compon	ent units	
Governmental activities		Business-type _activities		Totals		Downtown Development Authority		Economic Development Corporation	
\$	(9,341) (215,993) (413,785) 25,783 (14,435) 16,634 (12,490)			\$	(9,341) (215,993) (413,785) 25,783 (14,435) 16,634 (12,490)				
	(623,627)				(623,627)				
	<u>-</u>	\$	700,471 (50,025)	_	700,471 (50,025)				
	· · · -		650,446		650,446				
_	(623,627)		650,446		26,819				
						\$	(55,310) (2,392)	\$	419 <u>-</u>
							(57,702)	•	419
	552,869 27,937 274,085 15,476 (35,000)		- - - 6,298 35,000		552,869 27,937 274,085 21,774		83,050 - - 1,084 -		- - - 19
	835,367		41,298	_	876,665		84,134		19
	211,740		691,744		903,484		26,432		438
	1,160,293		4,073,189		5,233,482		8,884		
\$	1,372,033	\$	4,764,933	<u>\$</u>	6,136,966	\$	35,316	\$	438

	General	Major Street	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds		
ASSETS		6 04 070	.	0.44.504		
Cash Receivables, net	\$ 254,819 97,400	\$ 31,679 18,493	\$ 58,083 8,034	\$ 344,581 123,927		
receivables, net	37,400	10,493	0,034	123,921		
Total assets	\$ 352,219	\$ 50,172	\$ 66,117	\$ 468,508		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities - payables	\$ 19,326	\$ 2,475	\$ 1,615	\$ 23,416		
				-		
Fund balances:						
Unreserved, undesignated	332,893	47,697	-	380,590		
Unreserved, undesignated of other funds: Special revenue			27 544	27 544		
Debt service	<u> </u>	-	37,541 26,961	37,541 26,961		
2051 0011100				20,001		
Total fund balances	332,893	47,697	64,502	445,092		
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	<u>\$ 352,219</u>	<u>\$ 50,172</u>	<u>\$ 66,117</u>	\$ 468,508		
				•		
Total fund balances				\$ 445,092		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in are different because:	n the statemen	t of net assets	(page 5)			
are different because.						
Capital assets used in governmental activities	are not financi	al resources				
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				988,233		
Certain assets and liabilities of the internal service liabilities and liabilities of the internal service liabilities.	rice fund are			404.040		
included in governmental activities.				131,218		
Accrual of compensated absences				(8,131)		
•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes						
payable in the current period and, therefore, are	e not reported	in the funds.		(184,379)		
Net appete of governmental activities				¢ 1270.022		
Net assets of governmental activities				\$ 1,372,033		

City of Bangor STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds

DEVENUES	General	Major Street	Other governmental funds	Totals governmental funds
REVENUES	¢ 276 040	œ	e 470.050	£ 550,000
Taxes	\$ 376,810	\$ -	\$ 176,059	\$ 552,869
Federal grants	255 440	137,617	14,286	151,903
State grants	355,410	118,734	42,736	516,880
Local units of government Fines and forfeitures	- 0 E00	13,175	11,431	24,606
	9,520	-	-	9,520
Licenses and permits	21,036	-	-	21,036
Charges for services	78,665	405	0.770	78,665
Interest and rentals Other	13,758	425	2,776	16,959
Other	27,992			27,992
Total revenues	883,191	269,951	247,288	1,400,430
EXPENDITURES				
Legislative	9,341	_	_	9,341
General government	218,867	_	-	218,867
Public safety	372,147	_	111,716	483,863
Public works	128,457	297,606	152,093	578,156
Health and welfare		-	14,435	14,435
Recreation and culture Debt services:	71,857	-	-	71,857
Principal	_	556	41,667	42,223
Interest	_	618	11,872	12,490
Capital outlay	49,390		-	49,390
Total expenditures	850,059	298,780	331,783	1,480,622
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	33,132	(28,829)	(84,495)	(80,192)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in from other funds	_	58,000	31,000	89,000
Transfers out to other funds	(124,000)	-		(124,000)
Transfers out to component units	<u>(1,000)</u>		-	(1,000)
Total other financing				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(125,000)	58,000	31,000	(36,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(91,868)	29,171	(53,495)	(116,192)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	424,761	18,526	117,997	561,284
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 332,893	<u>\$ 47,697</u>	\$ 64,502	\$ 445,092

City of Bangor STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds (Continued)

Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the statement of activities:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 8)	\$	(116,192)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets: Capital outlays Provision for depreciation		327,628 (44,473)
Long-term obligations - repayment of long-term debt		42,223
Decrease in compensated absences liability	•	2,868
Certain net loss of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		(314)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 6)	\$	211,740

			Busin	ness-t	type acti	ivitie	es		/ernmental activities	
				Internal						
		Enterprise funds Sewer Water Totals					service			
ASSETS										
Current assets	3 :									
Cash		•	6,798	-	85,297	\$	152,095	\$	59,368	
Receivable	S	4	0,921		31,945		72,866		10,044	
	Total current assets	10	7,719	1	17,242	_	224,961		69,412	
Noncurrent as	sets:									
Capital ass	sets not being									
•	ated - land	2	5,825		35,102		60,927		-	
Capital ass	-			_						
	ated depreciation	•	6,454	7:	54,392	(6,750,846		100,166	
Deferred ch	arges		<u>5,948</u>				65,948			
	Total noncurrent assets	6,08	8,227	7	89,494		6,877,721		100,166	
	Total assets	6,19	<u>5,946</u>	9	06,736		7,102,682	<u></u>	169,578	
LIABILITIES										
Current liabiliti Payables	es:	2	3,485		1,546		35,031		29 470	
Customer o	lenosits	3	3, 4 65 -		6,757		6,757		28,479	
	tion of long-term				0,707		0,701			
obligatio	-	2	3,000		35,294		58,294			
	Total current liabilities	5	6,485		43,597		100,082		28,479	
NI 12 1	L Stat									
Noncurrent lial Long-term		2,22	1,000		26,548		2,247,548		<u>-</u>	
	Total liabilities	2,27	7,485		70,145		2,347,630		28,479	
NET ASSESS										
NET ASSETS	nital accets									
Invested in cap net of relate	•	2 77	9 270	7	27,652		4 EOE 024		100 166	
Unrestricted	SU USDI		8,279 0,182		27,652 08,939	•	4,505,931 249,121		100,166 40,933	
= =			-, · <u> </u>		,		- 10,121		10,000	
	Total net assets	\$ 3,91	<u>8,461</u>	<u>\$8</u>	<u>36,591</u>	<u>\$</u>	4,755,052	\$	141,099	

City of Bangor STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - proprietary funds (Continued) June 30, 2006

Total net assets - enterprise funds	\$ 4,755,052
Some amounts reported for <i>business-type activities</i> in the statement of net assets (page 5) are different because certain assets and liabilities of the internal service fund have been included with <i>business-type activities</i> .	9,881

City of Bangor STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - proprietary funds

	Busin	Governmental activities		
	En	Internal		
	Sewer	Water	Totals	service
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 307,066	\$ 253,910	\$ 560,976	\$ 135,321
Other	1,252	2,013	3,265	3,980
Total operating revenues	308,318	255,923	564,241	139,301
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel costs	137,902	151,161	289,063	39,065
Contracted services	74,201	70,216	144,417	41,645
Supplies	10,583	24,323	34,906	30,066
Internal charges	15,955	23,048	39,003	-
Depreciation	29,722	34,476	64,198	28,839
Total operating expenses	268,363	303,224	571,587	139,615
Operating income (loss)	39,955	(47,301)	(7,346)	(314)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			•	
Federal grant	680,901	-	680,901	-
Interest	2,238	4,060	6,298	-
Interest expense, less capitalized				
interest of \$80,444	(20,385)	(2,724)	(23,109)	-
Transfers	35,000		35,000	
Net nonoperating revenues	697,754	1,336	699,090	- -
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	737,709	(45,965)	691,744	(314)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	3,180,752	882,556	4,063,308	141,413
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 3,918,461	\$ 836,591	\$ 4,755,052	\$ 141,099

	Busine	Governmental activities		
	En	terprise fund	ds	Internal
	Sewer	Water	Totals	service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$ 309,565	\$ 258,141	\$ 567,706	\$ 137,844
Payments to employees	(64,836)	(77,180)	(142,016)	(33,851)
Payments to vendors and suppliers	(174,125)	(172,133)	(346,258)	(81,940)
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(15,955)	(23,048)	(39,003)	
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	54,649	(14,220)	40,429	22,053
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Federal grant receipts	1,057,200	-	1,057,200	-
Transfer in	35,000	-	35,000	-
Decrease in payables	(376,299)	-	(376,299)	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(693,741)	(23,442)	(717,183)	(38,029)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(22,000)	(35,217)	(57,217)	-
Interest payments on long-term debt	(99,138)	(3,000)	(102,138)	
Net cash used in capital and related				
financing activities	(98,978)	(61,659)	(160,637)	(38,029)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends	2,238	4,060	6,298	
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(42,091)	(71,819)	(113,910)	(15,976)
CASH - BEGINNING	108,889	<u> 157,116</u>	266,005	75,344
CASH - ENDING	\$ 66,798	\$ 85,297	\$ 152,095	\$ 59,368

City of Bangor STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - proprietary funds (Continued)

	_		ess-type act	ies	Governmentalactivities Internal			
		Enterprise fund Sewer Water			Totals			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	_	Sewei	Water		i Otais		service	
Operating income (loss)	\$	39,955	\$ (47,301)	\$	(7,346)	\$	(314)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		29,722	34,476		64,198		28,839	
(Increase) decrease in receivables, net Decrease in:		1,247	2,520		3,767		(1,457)	
Payables		(16,275)	(3,615)		(19,890)		(5,015)	
Customer deposits	_		(300)		(300)			
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities	<u>\$</u>	54,649	<u>\$ (14,220)</u>	\$	40,429	\$	22,053	

City of Bangor STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - Agency Fund

June 30, 2006

ASSETS Cash Receivables, net	\$ 944 68,389
Total assets	\$ 69,333
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental units	\$ 69,333

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of the City of Bangor, Michigan (the City), conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies.

a) Reporting entity:

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely-presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely-presented component units:

Downtown Development Authority and Economic Development Corporation:

Each component units' governing body is appointed by the City Council and their budgets must be approved by the City Council. Separate financial statements for the component units have not been issued, as management believes that these financial statements, including disclosures, contain complete information so as to constitute a fair presentation of each component unit.

Hospital Finance Authority:

The Hospital Finance Authority (the Authority) was created to provide a method to enable nonprofit, nonpublic hospitals to provide facilities and services for health care, and to accomplish these purposes, the Authority is authorized to issue bonds. A three-person Commission, appointed by the City Council, governs the Authority that may not issue debt without the approval of the City Council. The Authority has no assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, or expenses; therefore, no separate columns have been included in the financial statements associated with the Authority.

b) Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources, measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources, measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

The Major Street Fund accounts for the use of allocated state gas and weight taxes used for the maintenance and construction of major streets within the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage collection systems and treatment plant.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water distribution system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Motor Vehicle Pool Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for vehicle and equipment management services provided to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Agency Fund, a fiduciary fund, which accounts for financial assets held for other units of government.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector standards.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

- d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity:
 - i) Bank deposits Cash consists of cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
 - ii) Receivables Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as the City considers all receivables to be fully collectible.
 - iii) Deferred charges Certain payments in connection with obtaining long-term financing have been deferred and are being amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight line method.
 - iv) Capital assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., sewer and water systems, roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 (\$10,000 for infrastructure assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

iv) Capital assets (continued)

the date of donation. Governments can elect to account for infrastructure assets of government activities either retroactively to June 15, 1980, or prospectively. The City has elected to account for its infrastructure assets prospectively, beginning July 1, 2003.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years
Equipment	3 - 20 years
Vehicles	4 - 20 years
Infrastructure	50 years

- v) Compensated absences It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. A liability for unpaid accumulated vacation and sick leave has been recorded for the portion due to employees upon separation from service with the City. Vested compensated absences are accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.
- vi) Fund equity In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.
- vii) Property tax revenue recognition Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on property values assessed as of July 31 of the prior year. The billings are due on or before September 14, after which time the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City. Property tax revenue is recognized in the year for which taxes have been levied and become available. The City levy date is July 1, and, accordingly, the total levy is recognized as revenue in the current year.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the City's general and special revenue funds. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line-item. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City incurred expenditures, which were in excess of the amounts appropriated. The following table sets forth the significant expenditures in excess of budget.

Fund	Function Activity		Amended budget	Actual	<u>Variance</u>		
	Public works Public works	Recycling Airport	\$ 65,000 110	\$ 70,372 6,011	\$	5,372 5,901	

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash as presented in the accompanying financial statements, consisted of the following:

	vernmental activities	iness-type octivities	Fic	luciary_	•	Total orimary vernment	cor	Total nponent units	_	Total
Deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$ 272,803 131,006 140	\$ 58,797 93,298 -	\$	944	\$	332,544 224,304 140	\$	7,403 - -	\$	339,947 224,304 140
Total cash	\$ 403,949	\$ 152,095	<u>\$</u>	944	\$	556,988	\$	7,403	<u>\$</u>	564,391

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk of deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and are uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2006, \$220,534 of the City's corresponding bank balances of \$345,763 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. The City maintains individual and pooled cash accounts for all of its funds and its component units. Due to use of pooled deposits, it is not practicable to allocate insured and uninsured portions of certain bank balances between the primary government and its component units. The insured portion of the bank balance has been allocated entirely to the primary government.

The City believes that it is impractical to insure all bank deposits due to the amounts of the deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the risk level of each institution. Only the institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Investments:

State statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in a) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities; b) commercial paper, with three (3) highest rate classifications by at least two (2) rating services, maturing not later than 270 days; c) repurchase agreements, collateralized by U.S. governmental securities; d) bankers' acceptances; and e) investment pools composed of otherwise legal investments. At June 30, 2006, the primary government's investments consisted of \$224,304 in the Cooperative Liquid Asset Security System a non-risk categorized holding, which is reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES:

At June 30, 2006, the City's receivables were as follows:

	Property		Inter-						
•		taxes	A	ccounts	gov	ernmental_	 oans		Totals
Governmental activities:									
General	\$	1,219	\$	8,954	\$	87,227	\$ -	\$	97,400
Major Street		-		-		18,493	-		18,493
Other governmental funds		-		-		7,084	950		8,034
Internal Service		-	_	10,044			 	_	10,044
Total governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	1,219	<u>\$</u>	18,998	\$	112,804	\$ 950	\$	133,971
Business-type activities:									
Sewer	\$	-	\$	40,921	\$	-	\$ -	\$	40,921
Water		-	-	31,945			 -	_	31,945
Total business-type									
activities	\$	-	\$	72,866	\$	-	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	72,866
Fiduciary fund - Agency	<u>\$</u>	_	\$		\$		\$ 68,389	\$	68,389

All receivables are considered fully collectible, and, except for loans, all are due within one year.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending balance	
Governmental activities:			_		
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	\$ 28,342	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 28,342	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	80,731	90,359	-	171,090	
Buildings	591,276	2,245	-	593,521	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	493,294	25,405	(7,449)	511,250	
Vehicles	80,882	22,160	-	103,042	
Roads	238,529	231,188	-	469,717	
Subtotal	1,484,712	371,357	(7,449)	1,848,620	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

Covernmental activities (continued):	Beginning balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending balance	
Governmental activities (continued): Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Vehicles Roads	\$ (22,951) (189,677) (433,168) (52,560) (18,644)	\$ (6,637) (13,957) (25,701) (9,235) (23,482)	\$ - 7,449 - -	\$ (29,588) (203,634) (451,420) (61,795) (42,126)	
Subtotal	(717,000)	(79,012)	7,449	(788,563)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	767,712	292,345		1,060,057	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 796,054	\$ 292,345	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,088,399</u>	
Business-type activities: Sewer Fund:					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 25,825	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,825	
Construction in progress	<u>4,755,058</u>	774,927	(5,529,985)	Ψ 25,025 ————————————————————————————————————	
Subtotal	4,780,883	774,927	(5,529,985)	25,825	
Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer system Equipment	958,683 43,226	5,529,985 1,091	-	6,488,668 44,317	
Subtotal	1,001,909	_5,531,076		6,532,985	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer system Equipment	(495,676) (11,133)	(26,090) (3,632)	- 2	(521,766) (14,765)	
Subtotal	_(506,809)	(29,722)		(536,531)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	495,100	5,501,354		5,996,454	
Sewer fund capital assets, net	5,275,983	6,276,281	(5,529,985)	6,022,279	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

	Beginning balance Increases		Decreases	Ending balance	
Business-type activities (continued): Water Fund:					
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	\$ 35,102	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 35,102	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Water system	1,156,123	22,354	-	1,178,477	
Equipment	39,086	1,091		40,177	
Subtotal	1,195,209	23,445		1,218,654	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Water system	(391,873)	(34,064)	_	(425,937)	
Equipment	(37,910)	<u>(415</u>)	-	(38,325)	
Subtotal	(429,783)	(34,479)		(464,262)	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	765,426	(11,034)		754,392	
Water Fund capital assets, net	800,528	(11,034)		789,494	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$6,076,511</u>	\$6,265,247	\$ (5,529,985)	\$6,811,773	

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City capitalized \$80,444 of interest as part of construction in progress of the Sewer Fund.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	14,505
Public safety		2,650
Public works		55,227
Recreation and culture		6,630
Total	¢.	70.040

Total \$ 79,012

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND TRANSFERS TO COMPONENT UNIT:

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the General Fund transferred \$58,000 to the Major Street Fund, \$35,000 to the Sewer Fund and \$31,000 to a non-major governmental fund in support of operating activities. The General Fund also transferred \$1,000 to the Economic Development Corporation in support of operations.

NOTE 7 - PAYABLES:

At June 30, 2006, the City's payables, by fund, were as follows:

	Accounts		Payroll		Interest		Totals
Governmental activities:							
General	\$	19,326	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 19,326
Major Street		2,475				_	2,475
Other governmental		1,615		-		-	1,615
Internal service	_	6,016	2	2,463			28,479
Total governmental activities	\$	29,432	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>2,463</u>	\$	-	<u>\$ 51,895</u>
Business-type activities:							
Sewer	\$	9,205	\$	-	\$ 2	4,280	\$ 33,485
Water		1,096				450	1,546
Total business-type activities	\$	10,301	\$	-	<u>\$ 2</u>	4,730	\$ 35,031

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

At June 30, 2006, long-term liabilities are comprised of the following individual issues:

Primary government:
Governmental activities:
Bonds and notes:

\$456,000 5.71% 1994 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds; due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$45,000 plus interest through May 2009.

\$125,000

\$64,400 2003 4.00% Note payable, Michigan State Infrastructure Bank; due in quarterly installments of \$1,174 including interest, beginning October 2003 through April 2023, plus a balloon payment of \$5,405 in July 2023.

59,379

Total bonds and notes

184,379

Accrued compensated absences

8,131

Total governmental activities long-term obligations

\$192,510

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued):

Primary government (continued):

Business-type activities:

Bonds and notes:

\$150,000 3.50% 2003 Note payable, bank; due in quarterly installments of \$8,824 plus interest, beginning January 2004 through January 2008.

\$ 61,842

\$2,287,000 4.375% 2004 Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation); due in annual installments of \$21,000 to \$127,000 plus interest beginning April 2005 through April 2044. See Note 14, Subsequent event.

2,244,000

Total business-type activities long-term obligations

\$ 2,305,842

Component units:

Downtown Development Authority:

\$154,000 5.50% 1994 Note payable, bank; payable in quarterly installments of \$3,786 including interest through November 2008.

\$ 35,291

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Amounts due within one year
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
1994 Bonds	\$ 165,000	\$ -	\$ (40,000)	\$ 125,000	\$ 40,000
2003 Note	<u>61,601</u>		(2,222)	59,379	2,312
Total bonds and notes	226,601	-	(42,222)	184,379	42,312
Compensated absences	11,000	6,200	(9,069)	8,131	-
	\$ 237,601	\$ 6,200	\$ (51,291)	\$ 192,510	\$ 42,312
Business-type activities:					
2003 Note	\$ 97,059	\$ -	\$ (35,217)	\$ 61,842	\$ 35,294
2004 Bonds	2,266,000		(22,000)	2,244,000	23,000
Total bonds and notes	\$2,363,059	\$ -	\$ (57,217)	\$2,305,842	\$ 58,294
Discretely presented component units: Downtown Development Authority:					
1994 Note	\$ 48,044	\$ -	<u>\$ (12,753)</u>	<u>\$ 35,291</u>	<u>\$ 13,486</u>

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued):

At June 30, 2006, debt service requirements, excluding compensated absences, were as follows:

Year ended	Governmental activities			Business-type activities				Component unit:				
June 30:	_ F	rincipal		nterest	F	Principal		Interest	_Principal_		Interest	
2007	\$	42,312	\$	9,780	\$	58,294	\$	99,874	\$	13,486	\$	1,658
2008		42,400		7,332		50,548		97,632		14,243	·	901
2009		47,505		4,869		25,000		96,119		7,562		283
2010		2,606		2,089		27,000		95,025				
2011		2,711		1,983		28,000		93,844				
2012 - 2016		15,292		8,183		159,000		449,839		-		-
2017 - 2021		18,666		4,808		198,000		411,732		_		-
2022 - 2026		12,887		870		246,000		364,437		/ -		-
2027 - 2031		-		-		307,000		305,508		-		-
2032 - 2036		-		-		382,000		232,050				-
2037 - 2041		-		-		476,000		140,657		-		-
2042 - 2046			_		_	349,000		31,325				
Totals	<u>\$</u>	184,379	\$	39,914	\$	2,305,842	\$	2,418,042	\$	35,291	\$	2,842

All debt is secured by the full faith and credit of the City.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

Plan description:

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides retirement benefits to qualified employees and their beneficiaries. The City's defined benefit pension plan is affiliated with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for municipalities in Michigan. Public Act 220 of 1996 of the State of Michigan assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the City. The MERS issues a publicly-available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan, 447 N. Canal, Lansing, Michigan 48917, or by calling 1-800-767-6377.

Funding policy:

MERS members are required to contribute an amount varying between 0 and 10 percent, based on the benefit structure established by each employer. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which currently is 0 percent. Covered employees are not required to contribute to the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued):

Annual pension cost:

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City's annual pension cost of \$0 for its defined benefit pension plan was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2005, actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: a) 8 percent investment rate of return, net of administrative expenses, b) projected salary increases of 4.50 percent per year, and c) no cost of living adjustments. The actuarial value of the plan's assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The plan has an unfunded actuarial accrued benefit, which is being amortized over 10 years as a level percentage of payroll.

Three-year trend information:

For the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, the City was not required to make a contribution into the plan.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

The City provides post-employment health benefits, as per the requirements of a City labor agreement. All non-disability retirees of the plan are eligible for this benefit. Currently, seven retirees meet these eligibility requirements. The City purchases commercial health insurance to provide this benefit, which is provided for the life of the retiree and spouse for current retirees. The insurance policy provides coverage of medical expenses and costs for all pre-Medicare age retirees similar to the benefit available to active employees. A reduced coverage policy, or Medicare supplement, is provided for each retiree eligible for Medicare. Expenditures approximated \$73,500 in 2006.

NOTE 11 - CLAIMS ARISING FROM RISKS OF LOSS:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City manages its liability and property risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool (MMLPP), a public-entity risk pool providing property and liability coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMLPP for its insurance coverage. The MMLPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (MMWCSIF), a public-entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMWCSIF for its workers' compensation coverage. The MMWCSIF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers' compensation coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past five fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - CONSTRUCTION CODE ACT:

A summary of construction code enforcement transactions for the year ended June 30, 2006, is as follows:

Revenues \$ 21,036 Expenses (43,525)

Deficiency of revenues over expenses \$ (22,489)

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURES:

ABB Fire District:

The City has joined with the Townships of Arlington and Bangor in establishing the ABB Joint Fire District (the District) to provide fire protection in the District's area of operation, which includes the City of Bangor. The operations of the District are financed by annual support from the participating units of government. The District's Board is composed of two members appointed from each of the participating municipalities. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City contributed \$69,065 toward the District's operations. There is no equity interest by any participating unit in the District. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the District at 417 West Arlington Street, Bangor, Michigan.

South Haven Regional Airport Authority:

The City has joined with the City of South Haven and the Townships of South Haven, Geneva, Casco, and Covert in establishing the South Haven Regional Airport Authority (the Authority) to provide airfield services in the Authority's area of operation, which includes the City of Bangor. The Authority's board is composed of two members appointed from both the City of Bangor and the City of South Haven and one member appointed from each of the remaining municipalities. The operations of the Authority are financed by annual support from the participating units of government, as well as hangar rentals and fuel sales. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City contributed \$6,011 toward the Authority's operations. There is no equity interest by any participating unit in the Authority. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Authority at 73020 CR 380, South Haven, Michigan,

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT:

In September 2006, the City issued \$2,200,000 2006 Sewage Disposal System Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bond, a limited tax general obligation bond, to refinance 2004 Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds. In addition to the debt proceeds, the City paid in sufficient cash to pay off the old bonds at their face value plus accrued interest through October 1, 2006. Accordingly the City will not recognize a gain or loss upon refinancing. The bonds will mature in April 2026, and are to be paid in annual installments ranging from \$65,000 to \$130,000 plus interest of 1.625% per annum. The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Bangor BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund

REVENUES		Original budget	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
		Ф 044 O7E	ф 276 200	e 276.040	¢ 640
Taxes		\$ 341,875	\$ 376,200	\$ 376,810	\$ 610
State grants Fines and forfei		304,200	351,307	355,410	4,103
		9,100	9,514	9,520	6 261
Licenses and pe		14,000 66,000	20,775 75,911	21,036	2,754
Charges for ser		5,000	12,885	78,665 13,758	2,75 4 873
Other	itais	*	•	•	
Omer		<u>13,005</u>	26,310	27,992	1,682
	Total revenues	753,180	872,902	883,191	10,289
EXPENDITURE	ES .				
Legislative		9,600	9,342	9,341	1
General govern	nment:				
City manage		48,075	55,645	54,896	749
Clerk		28,745	24,845	22,493	2,352
Treasurer		73,100	79,310	76,227	3,083
City Hall		21,150	23,035	23,184	(149)
Cemetery		27,300	23,980	24,104	(124)
Other		14,300	17,160	17,963	(803)
	Total general government	212,670	223,975	218,867	5,108
Public safety:	•				
Police		306,900	336,632	328,622	8,010
Building inst	pection	36,600	42,725	43,525	(800)
Ţ .		0.40.500	070.057	070 4 47	7.040
	Total public safety	343,500	379,357	372,147	7,210
Public works:					
Recycling		55,000	65,000	70,372	(5,372)
Public servi	ce	33,990	29,955	28,359	1,596
Street lightir		26,000	26,500	23,715	2,785
Airport	•	5,000	110	6,011	(5,901)
	Total public works	119,990	121,565	128,457	(6,892)

City of Bangor BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund (Continued)

	Original Amended budget budget Actual			Variance favorable (unfavorable)		
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Recreation and culture:						
Parks Library	\$ 26,160 1,050	\$ 68,385 615	\$ 71,330 527	\$ (2,945) 88		
Total recreation and culture	27,210	69,000	71,857	(2,857)		
Capital outlay	6,000	52,772	49,390	3,382		
Total expenditures	718,970	856,011	850,059	5,952		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	34,210	16,891	33,132	16,241		
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(80,000)	(145,500)	(125,000)	20,500		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(45,790)	(128,609)	(91,868)	36,741		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	424,761	424,761	424,761	<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 378,971	\$ 296,152	\$ 332,893	\$ 36,741		

City of Bangor BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - Major Street Fund

	Original budget	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ 137,617	\$ 137,617	\$ -
State grants	110,000	110,000	118,734	8,734
Local unit contributions	•	-	13,175	13,175
Interest	200	380	425	45
Total revenues	110,200	247,997	269,951	21,954
EXPENDITURES				
Public works:				
Street preservation	70,000	183,877	183,791	86
Bridge maintenance	5,940	10	629	(619)
Traffic services	1,850	1,385	1,418	(33)
Winter maintenance	15,900	16,215	16,198	17
Surface maintenance	71,900	78,990	79,404	(414)
Trunkline maintenance	3,565	880	609	271
Administration	<u>16,975</u>	<u>15,680</u>	15,557	123
Total public works	186,130	297,037	297,606	(569)
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	556	(556)
Interest	<u>640</u>	620	618	2
Total expenditures	186,770	297,657	298,780	(1,123)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(76,570)	(49,660)	(28,829)	20,831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in:	70,000	58,000	58,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(6,570)	8,340	29,171	20,831
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	18,526	18,526	18,526	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$ 11,956</u>	\$ 26,866	\$ 47,697	\$ 20,831

City of Bangor ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS - Employee Retirement System (Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan)

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated.

Actuarial valuation date December 31:	Actuarial value of assets (a)	Actuarial accrued liability (ALL) entry age (b)	Funded ratio (a)/(b)	(Over- funded) ALL (b-a)	Covered payroll (c)	(Over- funded) ALL as a percentage of covered payroll ((b-a)/c)
1996	\$ 1,281,143	\$ 888,007	144%	\$ (393,136)	\$ 300,756	-131%
1997	1,372,243	902,401	152%	(469,842)	351,672	-134%
1998	1,477,738	974,561	152%	(503,177)	427,886	-118%
1999	1,643,395	1,028,311	160%	(615,084)	387,547	-159%
2000	1,741,519	1,064,244	164%	(677,275)	422,031	-160%
2001	1,790,847	1,081,042	166%	(709,805)	471,591	-151%
2002	1,774,124	1,081,193	164%	(692,931)	456,995	-152%
2003	1,828,396	1,188,955	154%	(639,441)	455,301	-140%
2004	1,877,240	1,236,525	152%	(640,715)	502,834	-127%
2005	1,925,656	1,256,112	153%	(669,544)	488,221	-137%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

					Sp	ecial re	venue	funds
	Local Street		Po	olice	South Haven Hospital lice Authority		Senior Services	
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	1,448	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12
Receivables, net		7,084			<u> </u>			
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	8,532	\$	-	\$		<u>\$</u>	12
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities - accounts payable	\$	625	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - unreserved,								
undesignated		7,907						12
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	8,532	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12

Bangor Fire District	CD	Library CDBG Maintenance Totals		-		service 1994 Capital rovement	-	Total other ernmental funds		
\$ 12,269 	\$:	3,237 950	\$	14,156 	\$	31,122 8,034	\$	26,961	\$	58,083 8,034
\$ 12,269	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,187</u>	\$	14,156	\$	39,156	\$	26,961	<u>\$</u>	66,117
\$ -	\$	990	\$	-	\$	1,615	\$	-	\$	1,615
12,269	<u>:</u>	3,197		14,156		37,541		26,961		64,502
\$ 12,269	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,187</u>	<u>\$</u>	14,156	<u>\$</u>	39,156	\$	26,961	\$	66,117

City of Bangor COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - other governmental funds

		Special revenue funds					e funds
	Local Street		<i>Police</i>	South Haven Hospital Authority			enior rvices
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	42,651	\$	8,635	\$	5,800
Federal grants State grants	42,7	26	-				-
Local units of government	42,7 6,9		-		_		_
Interest	•	93	_		_		- 8
Total revenues	50,2	<u>60</u> _	42,651		8,635		5,808
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety	407.4	40	42,651		-		-
Public works Health and welfare	137,4	12	-		8.635		- 5 000
Debt services:			-		0,035		5,800
Principal	1,6	67	-		-		-
Interest	1,8				_		_
Total expenditures	140,9	<u>33</u> _	42,651		8,635		5,800
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(90,6	73)	-		-		8
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfer in	31,0	00			-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(59,6	73)	- ·		-		8
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	67,5	<u>80</u>					4
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 7,9	<u>07 \$</u>	- -	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	12

Bangor Fire District		CDBG	Library CDBG Maintenance		Debtservice1994 Capital Improvement Bond	Total other governmental funds		
\$	70,378	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,464	\$ 48,595	\$ 176,059		
	-	14,286	-	14,286 42,736	-	14,286 42,736		
	_	_	4,500	11,431	_	11,431		
	324	203	262	1,390	1,386	2,776		
	70,702	14,489	4,762	197,307	49,981	247,288		
	69,065	_	-	111,716	-	111,716		
	-	14,681		152,093	-	152,093		
	-	- '	-	14,435	-	14,435		
	-	-	-	1,667	40,000	41,667		
	-		-	1,854	10,018	11,872		
_	69,065	14,681		281,765	50,018	331,783		
	1,637	(192)	4,762	(84,458)	(37)	(84,495)		
	-			31,000		31,000		
	1,637	(192)	4,762	(53,458)	(37)	(53,495)		
	10,632	3,389	9,394	90,999	26,998	/117,997		
\$	12,269	\$ 3,197	\$ 14,156	<u>\$ 37,541</u>	\$ 26,961	\$ 64,502		

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

City of Bangor SCHEDULE OF DEBT RETIREMENT AND ANNUAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

June 30, 2006

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Governmental activities:

\$456,000 5.71% 1994 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds

	Year ending June 30:		terest irements	Maturity date	F	Principal	<u>req</u>	Total uirements
	2007 2008 2009	\$	7,398 5,038 2,678	5/1/2007 5/1/2008 5/1/2009	\$	40,000 40,000 45,000	\$	47,398 45,038 47,678
		<u>\$</u>	15,114		\$	125,000	\$	140,114

\$64,400 4.00% 2003 Note payable, Michigan State Infrastructure Bank

2008 2,294 Quarterly 2,400 4,694 2009 2,191 Quarterly 2,505 4,696 2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	Year				
June 30: requirements date Principal requirements 2007 \$ 2,382 Quarterly \$ 2,312 \$ 4,694 2008 2,294 Quarterly 2,400 4,694 2009 2,191 Quarterly 2,505 4,696 2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	ending	Interest	Maturity		Total
2007 \$ 2,382 Quarterly \$ 2,312 \$ 4,694 2008 2,294 Quarterly 2,400 4,694 2009 2,191 Quarterly 2,505 4,696 2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	June 30:	requirements	•	Principal	requirements
2008 2,294 Quarterly 2,400 4,694 2009 2,191 Quarterly 2,505 4,696 2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695					
2009 2,191 Quarterly 2,505 4,696 2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2007	\$ 2,382	Quarterly \$	2,312	\$ 4,694
2009 2,191 Quarterly 2,505 4,696 2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2008	2,294	Quarterly	2,400	4,694
2010 2,089 Quarterly 2,606 4,695 2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2009	2,191	Quarterly	2,505	4,696
2011 1,983 Quarterly 2,711 4,694 2012 1,878 Quarterly 2,816 4,694 2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2010	2,089	Quarterly	2,606	4,695
2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2011		_		4,694
2013 1,759 Quarterly 2,936 4,695 2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695			-		ŕ
2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2012	1,878	Quarterly	2,816	4,694
2014 1,640 Quarterly 3,055 4,695 2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2013	1,759	Quarterly	2,936	4,695
2015 1,516 Quarterly 3,180 4,696 2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2014	1,640	Quarterly	3,055	4,695
2016 1,390 Quarterly 3,305 4,695 2017 1,252 Quarterly 3,443 4,695 2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2015	1,516	Quarterly	3,180	4,696
2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2016	1,390	Quarterly		4,695
2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695			-		
2018 1,113 Quarterly 3,582 4,695	2017	1,252	Quarterly	3,443	4,695
	2018	1,113	Quarterly	3,582	4,695
2010 301 Gualterly 3,120 4,030	2019	967	Quarterly	3,728	4,695
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2020	818	Quarterly	3,877	4,695
·	2021	658	Quarterly	4,036	4,694
2022 493 Quarterly 4,200 4,693	2022	493	Quarterly	4,200	4,693
2023 324 Quarterly 4,370 4,694	2023	324	Quarterly	4,370	4,694
2024 <u>53</u> Quarterly <u>4,317</u> 4,370	2024	53	Quarterly	4,317	4,370
				_	·····
<u>\$ 24,800</u> <u>\$ 59,379</u> <u>\$ 84,179</u>	÷	\$ 24,800	9	59,379	<u>\$ 84,179</u>

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

Business-type activities:

June 30, 2006

\$150,000 3.50% 2003 Note payable, Bank

Year ending June 30:	terest irements	Maturity date	F	Principal	requ	Total uirements
2007 2008	\$ 1,699 463	Quarterly Quarterly	\$	35,294 26,548	\$	36,993 27,011
	\$ 2,162		\$	61,842	\$	64,004

\$2,287,000 4.375% 2004 Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds

Year							
ending	$\sim 10^{-1}$	nterest	Maturity				Total
June 30:	requ	uirements	date	P	rincipal	reg	uirements
				•			
2007	\$	98,175	April	\$	23,000	\$	121,175
2008		97,169	April		24,000		121,169
2009		96,119	April		25,000		121,119
2010		95,025	April		27,000		122,025
2011		93,844	April		28,000		121,844
2012		92,619	April		29,000	•	121,619
2013		91,350	April		30,000		121,350
2014		90,038	April		32,000		122,038
2015		88,638	April		33,000		121,638
2016		87,194	April		35,000		122,194
2017		85,663	April		36,000		121,663
2018		84,088	April		38,000		122,088
2019		82,425	April		40,000		122,425
2020		80,675	April		41,000		121,675
2021		78,881	April		43,000		121,881
2022		77,000	April		45,000		122,000
2023		75,031	April		47,000		122,031
2024		72,975	April		49,000		121,975

City of Bangor SCHEDULE OF DEBT RETIREMENT AND ANNUAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2006

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

Business-type activities (continued):

\$2,287,000 4.375% 2004 Sewage Disposal System Revenue Bonds (continued)

Year ending June 30:		nterest uirements	Maturity date		rincipal	<u>rec</u>	Total quirements
2025	\$	70,831	April	\$	51,000	\$	121,831
2026		68,600	April		54,000		122,600
2027		66,238	April		56,000		122,238
2028		63,788	April		59,000		122,788
2029		61,206	April		61,000		122,206
2030		58,538	April		64,000		122,538
2031		55,738	April		67,000		122,738
2032		52,806	April		70,000		122,806
2033		49,744	April		73,000		122,744
2034		46,550	April		76,000		122,550
2035		43,225	April		80,000		123,225
2036		39,725	April		83,000		122,725
2037		36,094	April		87,000		123,094
2038		32,288	April		91,000		123,288
2039		28,306	April		95,000		123,306
2040		24,150	April		99,000		123,150
2041		19,819	April		104,000		123,819
2042		15,269	April		109,000		124,269
2043		10,500	April		113,000		123,500
2044		5,556	April		127,000		132,556
	<u>\$</u>	2,415,880		<u>\$ 2</u>	2,244,000	<u>\$</u>	4,659,880

City of Bangor SCHEDULE OF DEBT RETIREMENT AND ANNUAL INTEREST REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2006

DISCRETELY-PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

Downtown Development Authority \$154,000 5.50% 1994 Note payable, Bank

Year ending June 30:	terest irements	Maturity date	_ <i>F</i>	Principal	requ	Total uirements
2007 2008 2009	\$ 1,658 901 283	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	\$	13,486 14,243 7,562	\$	15,144 15,144 7,845
	\$ 2,842		\$	35,291	\$	38,133

SiegfriedCrandallrc

Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

246 E. Kilgore Road Kalamazoo, MI 49002-5599 www.siegfriedcrandall.com

Telephone 269-381-4970 800-876-0979

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL Fax 269-349-1344 REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT **AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bangor, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bangor, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Bangor, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Bangor, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sigfied Crowled P.C.

EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal grantor/program title	CFDA number	Funding source/ pass-through entity	Program year	Award
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Direct programs: Rural Utilities Service: Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities				
Grant	10.760			\$ 680,901
Loan	10.760			2,244,000
Total U.S. Department	of Agricult	ture	•	2,924,901
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass through program: Community Development Block Grant				
MSC 201088-EDIG	14.228	Michigan Strategic Fund	May 1, 2005 to April 30, 2006	14,286
U.S. Department of Transportation: Federal Highway Administration: Highway Planning and Construction Agreement 05 502	28			
	20.205	Michigan Department of		137,617
		Transportation		101,011
				\$3,076,804
Notes to schedule of expenditures of fed 1. The schedule has been prepared on 2. Corresponding amounts in the accor Federal grants:	the accrua	al basis of accountin	-	ws:
Governmental funds (page 8) Proprietary fund (page 12)				\$ 151,903
Sewer Fund Loans:				680,901
Proprietary fund (page 10) Sewer Fund				2,244,000
				\$3,076,804

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of City of Bangor, Michigan.
- No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of City of Bangor, Michigan were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal award program were reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award program for City of Bangor, Michigan expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. Audit findings relative to the major federal award program for City of Bangor, Michigan are reported in Part C of this Schedule.
- 7. The program tested as major program:

<u>Federal agency</u>	<u>Program name</u>	CFDA #
U.S. Department of Agriculture	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. City of Bangor, Michigan was determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

NONE

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

D. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

NONE



246 E. Kilgore Road Kalamazoo, MI 49002-5599 www.siegfriedcrandall.com

Telephone 269-381-4970 800-876-0979 Fax 269-349-1344

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bangor, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of City of Bangor, Michigan with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006. City of Bangor, Michigan's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of City of Bangor, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on City of Bangor, Michigan's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Bangor, Michigan's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on City of Bangor, Michigan's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, City of Bangor, Michigan complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of City of Bangor, Michigan is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Bangor, Michigan's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Bangor, Michigan Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sigfied Crash P.C.

December 15, 2006